Kenya has been one of the few countries in sub Saharan Africa to experience relative stability and security in the last 50 years. It has had a functioning government since independence and regular electoral cycles. It has often been the center of stability as conflict raged in neighboring countries such as Somalia, Sudan and South Sudan. However, even with continued stability, corruption has remained a major impediment to progress. Transparency International has ranked Kenya poorly on levels of corruption for a long time. This is despite the country having a new constitution, functional institutions and strong anticorruption laws. This presentation will explore the impact of corruption on ordinary citizens and discuss why corruption remains pervasive and entrenched in the country. It will also discuss some practical solutions from a practitioners’ perspective.

ABOUT THE BARER INSTITUTE

The Barer Institute for Law and Global Human Services focuses on the multidisciplinary role of law in promoting improved outcomes in health, education, economic development and the rule of law in developing countries and countries in political transition.

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